

# SHG ROADS MAINTENANCE POLICY

Approved on 14 October 2024 by the Minister for Safety, Security & Home Affairs

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WHOM	
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## **Working Group**

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#### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

This paper sets out the criteria for the allocation of maintenance funds throughout the 115.063 km (71.9 miles) of roads for which the Infrastructure Department of the Safety, Security and Home Affairs Portfolio (SSHA) is responsible. This paper gives the classification and hierarchy of the roads as well as the basis for the allocation of funds etc. The policy for roads is set by the SSHA Minister and the implementation of this policy is delivered by the Roads Section of the Safety, Security and Home Affairs Portfolio.

There are two categories of roads on St. Helena. These are:-

- Government
- Non-government

Each of these categories can be broken down further as in Table 1. See Annex 1 for detail of the different categories.

**Table 1: Categories of Roads** 

		Primary Roads	34144	meters
Government	Highway	Secondary Roads	36581	meters
(Adopted roads)		Tertiary Roads	44338	meters
	District	District		
Non-Government	a) Private o	a) Private on Crown Land		
(Not adopted	b) Private on Private Land			
roads)	Community	Community		

An accompanying document, the Road Maintenance Strategy provides detail on how the different classes of roads get inspected, how maintenance is delivered. It also gives specifications on construction methods for new primary, secondary and tertiary roads as well as for private / district and community roads. The criteria application forms for the community and district roads repair fund application is also in the Road Maintenance Strategy. The strategy works in conjunction with this policy

#### 1.2 Identification of the Problem, Challenge or Opportunity

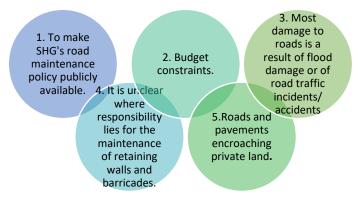


Figure 1 Key Issues Identified with the current situation

Key Issue 1: To make SHG's road maintenance policy publicly available.

The state of the roads is a topical and sensitive issue for Elected Members. For added transparency SHG wants to make readily available its guidelines for the prioritisation of maintenance work on adopted government owned roads on the SHG public website. Currently the policy and strategy sit in a single document and the Roads Section wants to separate out policy – the overall framework for strategy and undertaking road works – from strategy. See *the Roads Maintenance Strategy*, 2024. The strategy sets out how the policy will be implemented. From this strategy flows detailed plans for road works.

#### **Key Issue 2: Budget constraints**

The Roads Section has a limited recurrent annual budget of £421,000 (2024/25) which means it can only focus on general and emergency/ reactive maintenance. Roads are inspected monthly for their general condition (See Roads Maintenance Strategy for more info), and a plan of work developed accordingly. There is no budget to plan maintenance in the long term or to work on privately owned roads on the Crown Estate or private land. The maintenance work is also limited to reactive repairs on existing infrastructure and only on adopted roads. Any new roads or infrastructure construction is not possible with the current budget limitations. Additional funding for roads would potentially enable major rehabilitation and improvements to the island's roads network.

#### Key Issue 3: Most damage to roads is a result flood damage or of road traffic incidents/ accidents.

If the person/s responsible for damage cannot be identified to meet the cost or for an insurance claim then the Roads Section has to meet the cost of repair. This cost of repairing damage can be expensive, for example when a vehicle hit Side Path wall in 2023 the cost of repair was £4 500. When Bishop's Bridge was damaged the cost was £1 660. Stormy weather blew over trees in Thompson's wood area and damage safety railings, repair costs was £3 500.

#### Key Issue 4: Maintenance of retaining walls and barricades is severely underfunded.

The Roads Section is responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of the existing road side barriers and retaining walls. The restricted budget has monitoring implications for timely reactive maintenance.

#### 1.3 Policy Rationale

The reason for this policy – its intent – is to clarify SHG's responsibilities for road maintenance, and the responsibility of private property owners for private roads on Crown land and private land.

#### 2 OVERARCHING POLICY FRAMEWORK

#### 2.1 Strategic Objectives

The purpose of the Roads Policy is to maintain the roads network in a safe and serviceable condition for the efficient movement of people, goods, and services, both now and in the future.



#### **EFFECTIVE INFRASTRUCTURE**

We live in well-designed sustainable places where we are able to access the amenities and services we need.



#### **ALTOGETHER SAFER**

We live our lives safe from crime, disorder and danger and our older and vulnerable residents are safe and supported with choices to live independently.

#### 2.2 Other as appropriate

Roads Ordinance, 1985. Highways Ordinance, 1881.

#### 2.3 Policy Objectives and Principles

#### **Objectives**

- a) Provide a safe road network.
- b) Permit access to main residential and commercial areas.
- c) Support economic development including tourism.
- d) Determine road categories and classifications.
- e) Comply with the Highway Code.

#### **Principles**

a) That a safe system approach is used. This is built on the premise that no one should be killed or seriously injured while using the road network due to poor road infrastructure i.e. lack of signage, barriers and poor maintenance resulting in collisions, damage to property or injury to persons and animals

Safe System requires a systematic, multi-disciplinary and multi-sectorial approach which addresses the safety needs of all users; fatal and serious injury collision prevention, collision protection and mitigation and post-collision care and aligns with other policies for co-benefits such as health, occupational health and safety, sustainable development and poverty reduction. In a Safe System approach, mobility is a function of safety rather than vice versa. It involves the implementation of system-wide measures that ensure, in the event of a collision, that the impact forces remain below the threshold likely to produce either death or serious injury.<sup>1</sup>

- b) That timely and adequate maintenance works saves money in the longer term. Scheduled planned maintenance allows for more efficient procurement and consequently lower costs. The more roads deteriorate the greater the maintenance costs and the costs to road users. However some literature points out that if better maintenance increases vehicular speed, or leads to other 'compensatory' behaviour then any safety improvements will be limited by increased risks of death and serious injury in collisions.<sup>2</sup>
- c) That roads management and maintenance must support the sustainable development of the island.

The Government's vision for sustainable economic development is to enable our people to build their own futures and create their own opportunities, whilst leaving nobody behind. To do this, we will **create** an enabling environment that allows our people and businesses to thrive, preserve what makes us and our Island unique, and improve how we deliver as a Government to ensure that essential services to support our community and society can be sustainably delivered into the future.<sup>3</sup>

### 2.4 Scope

This policy applies to all government adopted roads.

 $https://www.its.leeds.ac.uk/projects/konsult/private/level2/instruments/instrument052/l2\_052b.htm$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.pacts.org.uk/safe-system/#:~:text=Safe%20System%20requires%20a%20systematic,such%20as%20health%2C%20occupational%20health

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Nolan, 2003 quoted in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> SHG, 2023, Sustainable Economic Development Strategy, Jamestown, SHG

#### 3. POLICY OUTLINE

#### 3.1 Responsibilities

**The SS&HA Roads Section** has a duty of care to maintain the safety and usability of roads that are kept and maintained at public expense. This includes the identification, assessment and prioritisation of risk and the management of risk. More specifically it is responsible for the delivery of the Roads Policy and Strategy and the prioritisation of works.

#### The Head of Roads and Building Maintenance is responsible for:

- a) Ensuring the condition of all adopted roads are recorded and monitored and quality control of any repairs.
- b) Identifying road hazards and deficiencies and implementing effective countermeasures. This is done with the input of other stakeholders, for example Police service
- c) Assessing technical needs for the maintenance required.
- d) Ensuring supervision of road maintenance for planned and reactive maintenance works, and for any associated works undertaken by the Roads Section.
- e) General site safety.
- f) Asset and people management.
- g) Project management and budgeting.

#### The Roads Section carries out maintenance including:

- a) Reactive maintenance
- b) Planned programme maintenance
- c) Road markings and signage (to comply with Road Traffic Regulations)
- d) Restoration following damage caused by adverse weather conditions or road traffic accidents.

### 3.2 Classes of Highway – Government Roads

See the list of roads Annex 1 and the network map in Annex 2.

Primary roads serve the main centres of population, the main industrial/ commercial areas and a ring road connecting the main areas of the island. Shown in red in Annex 1 and Annex 2.

Secondary roads serve the various communities distributed around the island as well as areas of industry, commerce and agriculture. Shown in orange in Annex 1 and Annex 2.

Tertiary roads are all other surfaced roads maintained by SHG including roads provided as part of the serviced house plots. Shown in yellow in Annex 1 and Annex 2.

Annex 2 provides a detailed list of highways and their named stretches and lengths used to identify where maintenance is required. The highway network is also shown on the map in Annex 2. Private roads are indicated with a green line on the map, however there is not a complete list as their maintenance does not fall under the remit of the road section.

#### 3.3 Rating the Condition of Roads to Prioritise Works

The Roads Inspector will inspect all roads once a month and rate the condition of the road on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is in a good condition and 5 is in a bad condition. A primary road will carry more weight. The formula used by the Roads Section is that a secondary condition rating road remains the same and a primary road has 125% more urgency and a tertiary road has 75% less urgency.

Please refer to the Road Maintenance Strategy for details on how this will work in practice.

#### 3.4 District and Community Roads – Non-Government Roads (Not adopted Roads)

A District Road is defined as one serving six or more occupied properties. The road may have previously received funds under the Community and District Road Programme. The aim is to improve these roads as funds become available. Application forms for district and community road repair funding are attached in the document "Road Maintenance Strategy"

**A Community Road** is a road that serves three to five occupied homes.

Funding specifically for building or the maintenance of these roads may be made available in the annual budget allocated to the Infrastructure Section only when a budget is appropriated for this purpose. Currently no funding has been made available for Community and District Roads. When funds become available the Roads Section will accept applications from a resident or a representative of residents whom the road will serve and these applications will be assessed by the Roads Section against a pre-set criteria.

Eligibility for Community Road funding will be based on the following:

- a) No of occupied houses served by the road
- b) Vulnerable people served by the road.
- c) Individuals with mobility issues, irrespective of age, must be certified by a Medical Officer.
- d) Condition of Road

In addition funding for Community Roads will also be based on:

- a) No of businesses served by the road.
- b) Social Infrastructure served by the road (e.g. shops)

All roads that travel through private property will require written confirmation of total and indefinite non-interference by the property owner to the road itself and an undertaking that no building or other construction will be made within 3 metres adjacent to either side of the road.

Once a District Road has been upgraded to a sealed surface it <u>might</u> become eligible for adoption by the government, as and when funds become available. After adoption, the maintenance of the road is undertaken by the Road Section. However, where the road is built on private property, the land remains private property.

Funding for Community and District Roads is available from an allocated fund. A maximum of up to £2,500 will be provided for raw materials and the hire of a roller only (unless otherwise approved by the highways authority or designated person). It is stipulated that residents will themselves be responsible for spreading the materials and fixing of the road. The Roads Section must verify the materials delivered/work done, as part of the SHG Auditing process.

#### 3.5 Repair of Road Boundary Structures (Fences, Walls etc.)

The Road Section will endeavour to maintain boundaries of highways in such a state as to maintain the integrity of the highway and prevent damage to the adjoining road or any person using it.

Private landowners are legally responsible (*Highway Ordinance, CAP 102 (4) & (5)*) to maintain their boundaries in a state of repair as shall be necessary to prevent risk of injury to any person passing thereon, and prevent damage to the road and associated infrastructure. If these are not suitably maintained the SS&HA Advisory Board may give the occupier of the land seven days' notice in writing to repair the boundary structure. If this is not carried out the SS&HA Minister may order the same to be done at the expense of the occupier.

#### 3.6 Control of Overgrowth on Roads

The Road Section shall endeavour to control overgrowth from highways to prevent risk of injury to users of the Highway.

As above, under the Highway Ordinance, property owners are responsible for keeping trees and shrubs (including flax) from overhanging public roads and Highway. If these are not suitably maintained the SS&HA Advisory Board may give the occupier of the land seven days' notice in writing to lop, remove or cut down the overgrowth. If this is not carried out the SS&HA Advisory Board may order the work to be done at the expense of the occupier. These legal requirements of property owners should be disseminated by the SS&HA Minister.

#### 3.7 Highway Visibility Splays

For the safety of users of the highway it is necessary to provide and maintain good visibility where one road meets another, or where an access meets the road. With the existing topography of the island this can be difficult, especially where old narrow accesses meet the main road.

As an early part of the planning process, the Roads Section is required to approve any new or modified accesses onto a public road or highway. The Roads Section will expect applications for new accesses to conform to the guidance note attached as Annex 4. If an applicant cannot meet these standards then the Road Section reserves the right to refuse the request for the new access. The applicant is responsible to mitigate any storm water at the new intersection.

The Roads Section reserves the right to refuse the request of any new access on Highway Safety Grounds where there is a reasonable alternative access (or arrangement) which the board considers to be a better solution; or no alternative where the Roads Section considers the proposal unsuitable.

#### 3.8 Storm Water Drainage

The Road section shall endeavour to keep highway drains clear and free of blockages.

The Roads Section is required to approve any new or modified accesses onto a public road or Highway. As one of the conditions for this approval, it is clearly stated in the Land Development Control Plan that the applicant must be fully responsible for any storm water flowing from the existing public road onto the property and should bear the cost of installing drains as appropriate. If appropriate, conditions should also require the applicant to be fully responsible for managing any storm water that falls on the development site. Storm water /roof water shall not be discharged onto the public highway.

#### 3.9 Repair of Damage to Roads

Under the Highway Ordinance any damage done upon the Highway by any motor vehicle, tracked vehicle, vehicle exceeding 14 tonnes or any animal, shall be made good at the expense of the owner of the vehicle or animal. The SS&HA Minister should give the owner seven days' notice to arrange the repairs. If these are not carried out, the SS&HA Minister may order the repairs to be done at the expense of the owner.

The Road Section will endeavour to repair other damages done to highways in as timely a manner as possible within available resources. Temporary excavation for services will be made safe when the excavation is not being supervised. If it is not feasible to reinstate the road surface overnight, then the area should be safely covered and cordoned off.

#### 3.10 Car Parking

The Road Section will liaise with other stakeholders to develop suitable provision regarding car parking in lower Jamestown.

Notices may be in place to inform the public that all areas earmarked for car parking, including access into and out of the car parking area, shall be at the owners risk; this will also include the risks to property due to rock fall.

Applications to close any parking space on a temporary basis for controlled works shall be considered by the Head of Roads and Buildings Maintenance.

#### 3.11 Signs and Road Markings

The Road Section will provide signs and road markings for road users' information and warning as appropriate and in accordance with the Highway Ordinance, Road Traffic Ordinance and Road Traffic Regulations. These will be sourced from the *UK Department for Transport Traffic Signs Manual Chapter 1-14*.

The SS&HA Advisory Board are the only entity to approve any request for any additional road markings or road signs.

#### 3.12 Safety Rails

To protect road users, the Road Section supports the installation of safety rails above severe drops. However, new developments below existing roads will not normally be eligible for financial support from the government. It is expected that the developer will construct the property in a way that does not prejudice the safety of road users and protects the inhabitants from unnecessary risk. This will also be applicable to retaining walls at new entrances and will be brought to the attention of applicants at the planning application stage.

#### 3.13 Street/ Security Lighting

The Streetlight section has a separate budget for the installation and maintenance of street/security lighting. The only existing lighting that is categorised as street lighting is in Jamestown. Applications for security lighting in other areas should be made to the Roads Section and prioritised with the Police Directorate, since demand is likely to outweigh resources.

#### 3.14 Bridges

The Road Section will endeavour to maintain existing bridges on highways in a safe condition. No separate budget line exists so currently any bridge maintenance required is taken from the roads recurrent maintenance budget or a special bid must be made. There is a national weight limit of 14 tonnes gross vehicle weight on all government roads. However, some bridges have more restrictive weight limits and these are signed as appropriate. Due to the restrictive recurrent budget, all repairs to bridges will be on a reactive maintenance program as planned maintenance cost will outweigh recurrent budget.

#### 3.15 Road Closures

The Road Section will seek the permission of the Highway Authority, usually through their Chairman, before closing a road to vehicular traffic. In cases of an emergency, and on the grounds of public safety, the Roads Section or Police may close the road immediately, and inform the Chairman at the first available opportunity. Following consultation with the Chairman of the Highway Authority, the press and media will be informed of the closure, the diversion route and the duration of the closure.

With any third party applying for controlled road closures, at least seven days' notice shall be given to the Roads Section with the request for closing of a specific road. The road section can be contacted for advice and to provide the appropriate signs. The hire of the signs may be charged. This must be conveyed to the applicant when a decision is given.

See Diagram 1 Overleaf

Normal Planned Road Closure – 7 day notice needed before planned closure

Applicant to apply at Roads Section for proposed closure. Road closure application document to be completed by applicant.

Roads Section email request to Highway Authority for approval.

Urgent road closure needed.

Call Roads Section and Highway Authority to request approval.

Approval granted by the Highway Authority

Roads Section to inform applicant to inform the public through a press release and/ or local media.

ROAD CLOSED

Applicant to contact the Roads Section and Highway Authority to request extension and inform the public and other stakeholders.

Applicant to call the Roads Section when work is completed.

ROAD CLOSED

Applicant to call the Roads Section when work is completed.

#### 3.16 Access for Emergency Vehicles during Road Closures.

The Emergency Services will be required to accommodate and have in place arrangements to enable access for Emergency Vehicles during road closures. The Head of Roads and Building Maintenance or delegated person will liaise with the Joint Emergency Services Control Centre (JESCC) to give notice of all road closures. It will be the duty of the JESCC to liaise with all emergency services to ensure that the responding teams are aware of any road closures on St Helena.

To minimise risk to residents, members of the public and any working staff in the closed area, there must be a communication plan in place between the Road Closure Supervisor and the JESCC

The communication plan must have primary and secondary means of communicating, the Plan can be built using one or more of the following options.

- Handheld radio (Must be able to monitor the JESCC hailing frequency).
- Vehicle radio (Must be able to monitor the JESCC hailing frequency.
- Mobile phone (Must be tested from the area of work).

#### 3.17 Delegated powers for road closure applications.

Road closures can be delegated into three different sections. Where possible applicants should give as much notice as possible. The idea is not to make the process onerous, but to make it user friendly and benefit the community by providing good information.

#### 3.17.1 Partial road closures.

For example:

- Scaffolding;
- To form a safe working zone;
- Closure of less than two car parking spaces;

The partial closure will remain in place for less than 13 weeks.

#### Will the impact on the public or business operations be of an acceptable level?

If not then the matter should be referred to the Highway Authority.

#### 3.17.2Recurring road closures.

The Head of Roads and Building Maintenance will produce an annual calendar of known expected road closures for events such as the festival of lights. The list includes cruise ship visits. Each closure will have details of the following:

- Name of applicant/organisation.
- Name of road to be closed.
- Date and duration of closure.
- Diversion route.
- Provision of adequate sign and cordons.

This schedule of planned road closures will be brought to the attention of the Highway Authority on a regular basis to keep it informed of dates and any changes.

#### 3.17.3 Planned operational road closures.

These are required for situations where it is necessary to close the road to undertake projects or repairs. Application forms should be submitted to the Road Section at least seven days before the road closure. Each closure will have details of the following:

Name of Company/Organisation.

- Name of road to be closed.
- Date and duration of closure.
- Diversion route.
- Provision of adequate signs and cordons.
- Media has been informed.

If the answer to all of the following questions is a clear 'yes' then the decision is delegated to an officer level. If, however, the answer is 'no' to one or more of these questions, then the decision should be brought to the Highway Authority either at a formal meeting, or if necessary to an extraordinary meeting or email communication.

- Is there a viable diversion route?
- Can temporary access be made available along the closed road for emergency services?
- Will the impact on the public or business operations be of an acceptable level?
- Is the proposed closure no more than two working days?

#### 3.17.4 Emergency road closures.

Required in the interests of public safety, an emergency event forces a road closure. This can be because of a road traffic accident, or storm damage. Each closure should have current or retrospective details including:

- Name of road affected.
- The name of the person authorising the closure.
- Damage to infrastructure.
- Details of responsible parties.
- Details of media involvement.

The authority to instigate an emergency road closure is delegated to the Head of Roads and Building Maintenance or Roads Inspector. The Head of Roads and Building Maintenance / Roads Inspector should, as soon as possible, inform the members of the Highway Authority of the decision.

Annex 1: List of Roads and Section Lengths, 2024

PRIMARY				
Area / District	Route Name / Road Name	From	То	Length (m)
Alarm Forest	Sea View Road	The Briars	Gordon's Post	2281
Alarm Forest	Alarm Forest/ Tomb Rd	Gordon's Post	Hutt's Gate	2152
HTH	HTH	White Wall	Redhill	958
Jamestown	Ladder Hill	China Lane	Shy Road	450
Jamestown	Ladder Hill	Shy Road	Ladder Hill	700
Jamestown	Ladder Hill	Ladder Hill	White Wall	2025
Jamestown	Side Path	The Canister	Field Road	1500
Jamestown	Side Path	Field Road	The Briars	119
Jamestown	Market Street	China Lane	The Canister	920
Jamestown	Main Street	The Canister	The Arch	262
Longwood	Longwood Road	Hutt's Gate	Longwood Gate	1744
Longwood	Avenue/ Bottomwoods	Longwood Gate	Bottomwoods	2406
New Ground	HTH / Saint Pauls	White Wall	Sapper Way	900
Rupert's to Prosperous Bay	Haul Road (new)	Rupert's Valley	Airport	14360
St Pauls	St Pauls	Redhill	White Gate	867
St Pauls	St Pauls	White Gate	Bates Branch	1500
St Pauls		White Gate	Scotland	1000

#### **SECONDARY** Area / **Route Name / Road** From To Length (m) District Name Blue Hill Blue Hill 1 Frenches Gut **Bates Branch** 2057 Thompson's Blue Hill Blue Hill 2 Frenches Gut Wood 1910 Diana's Peak Diana's Peak Ring Road Hutt's Gate Silver Hill 5633 Ring Road Diana's Peak Ridges **Bates Branch** Stitches Ridge Ring Road 1690 Diana's Peak Sandy Bay Stitches Ridge Pine Gate Ring Road 1385 Francis Plain White Gate Watercourse 977 Francis Plain Watercourse Lemon Tree Gut 884 Francis Plain Lemon Tree Gut The Dungeon 494 Francis Plain Hutt's Gate The Dungeon 2202 Prince Andrew Francis Plain Francis Plain Watercourse 786 School **Prince Andrew** Francis Plain Francis Plain 497 Harper's Valley School Francis Plain Francis Plain Harpers Valley Redhill 730 533 **Briars Village** Side Path/Briars The Briars Jamestown Jamestown **Constitution Hill** China Lane Side Path/Briars 1580 Longwood Deadwood Road **Longwood Gate** Deadwood Plain 1769 Horse Point Landfill End of surfaced Longwood **Haul Road** 83 junction road **New Ground** Sapper Way Sunny Side 1250 **New Ground** 477 **New Ground Donkey Plain New Ground New Ground** Sapper Way **Model Cottage** 636 **Haul Road** Rupert's Field Road Side Path/Field Rd Junction -Valley Rupert's 1563

Rupert's Valley	Power Station Road	Haul Road	Power Station Junction	68
Rupert's Valley	New BFI road	Haul Road	End of surfaced section new BFI	562
Rupert's Valley	Fuel receiving facility	Haul Road	Fuel receiving station – beach site	60
Sandy Bay	Sandy Bay	Pine Gate	Jenkin's Cottage	2732
St Pauls		Sunny Side	Rosemary Plain	787
St Pauls		Scotland	Spring Gut	990
St Pauls		Spring Gut	Rosemary Plain	700
St Pauls		Scotland	Sunny Side	1123
St Pauls	Plantation Upper	Redhill	Model Cottage	400
St Pauls	Plantation Upper	Model Cottage	Plantation Junction	406
Thompsons Hill		Rosemary Plain	Junction Ken Henry	1617

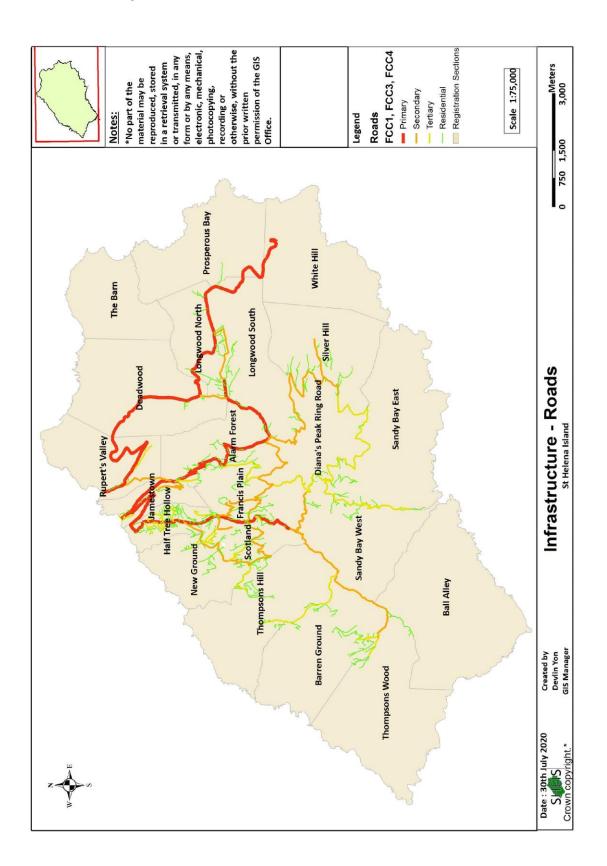
#### **TERTIARY** Route Name / Road Length Area / District From To Name (m) **Alarm Forest** Children's Hut **Alarm Forest** Sane's Valley 236 Blue Hill Blue Hill 3 **Thompsons Wood** Blue Hill CC 1239 Blue Hill Blue Hill 4 Frenches Gut Head O'Wain 1081 Blue Hill Horse Pasture Road Head O'Wain Saddle 1124 Blue Hill Horse Pasture Road Saddle **Horse Pasture** 960 Blue Hill High Hill **Red Gate** High Hill 670 Blue Hill **Barren Ground** Steven's Junction Stevens 70 Steven's Junction Blue Hill Blue Hill CC Barren Ground 370 Thompson's/ Wood Thompson's Wood Thompson's Wood Blue Hill 1120 Junction picnic area **Barren Ground Junction** Blue Hill **Stevens Junction** 980 **Barren Ground Barren Ground** Blue Hill Barren Ground March's 220 Junction Barren Ground Blue Hill **Barren Ground** Yon's 270 Junction Diana's Peak RR **Lemon Tree Gut** 1512 Stitches Ridge Stitches Ridge 2190 Gordon's Post **Gordons Post** The Dungeon HTH Wire Bird Drive Patricia Sim 240 **Community Centre** Half Tree Hollow Cow Path HTH **HTH Salvation Army** 510 HTH Cow Path **Sundale Junction** Cow Path Junction 425 **Community Centre** 625 HTH **Lantana Drive Crescent Drive** HTH Ladder Hill L/Hill Gate Fire Station 100 Half Tree Hollow HTH Half Way Timm's 630 HTH **Wireless Station** HTH C/Centre Sundale 351 HTH **Cardinal Drive** Salt's Junction **Theresa Bowers** 314 **Evergreen Drive** Timmy Sim Evergreen HTH 367 Three Tanks Rock Club HTH Tern Drive 278

нтн	Robinson Drive	Cow Path	Cow Path	225
нтн	Wind swept Lane	Cow Path	Cow Path	128
нтн	Cow Path	Cow Path	Leatrice Benjamin	176
нтн	Lower HTH	Junction Nr Rock Club	Junction Elaine Arms	304
нтн	Ladder Hill pavement	Cliff Top	Three Tanks	294
нтн	Cow Path	Cow Path	Anne Dillion	88
нтн	Barn View Lane	Cow Path	Patrick Andrews	106
нтн	Ladder Hill	RE Yard	Red Roof Jambs	135
нтн	Clinic Drive	HTH Salvation Army	Pick & Pay	180
нтн	Sugar Loaf View	Cow Path	Cow Path	178
нтн	Cow Path	Cow Path	William George	107
нтн	Evergreen Drive	Above Timmy	Alan Hudson	97
нтн	Cow Path	Cow Path	Neil Joshua	127
нтн	Cow Path	Cow Path	Cecil George	158
нтн	Rock Side Lane	Cow Path	Cow Path	176
нтн	Ladder Hill	Rock Club Junction	Nr work shop	146
Jamestown	Shy Road	Ladder Hill	Jamestown	814
Jamestown	Barracks Square	Barracks Square	Barracks Square	89
Jamestown	Narrabacks	Bridge	Church Lane	276
Jamestown	Back Way	Brow S/Path	Seal's Corner	232
Jamestown	Nose Gay Lane	Napoleon Street	Bridge	56
Jamestown	Shy Road	Shy Road	Prison	200
Jamestown	Maldavia Road	St John's Junction	Constantine's	395
Jamestown	Scout Hall	Napoleon Street	Scout Hall	90
Jamestown	Quarry Road	St John's Junction	Georges/Stevens	50
Jamestown	Botanical gardens	Main Street	Botanical gardens	70
Level wood	Level wood	Silver Hill	Bellstone	533
Level wood	Red Hill	Red Hill	Red Hill	448
Level wood	Bell Stone	Taglate	Bellstone	590

Level wood	Level wood	Clinic	Kingdom Hall	498
Level wood	Level wood Flag	Silver Hill Shop	Flag	914
Level wood	Kennedys'	Flagg	Kennedys'	814
Longwood	Willow Bank Road	Hutt's Gate	Willow Bank	370
Longwood	Colt Sheds	Longwood Avenue	Colt Sheds	1220
Longwood	Longwood Hangings	Longwood Gate	Fishers Valley	620
Longwood	Longwood Hangings	Napoleon's House	Longwood Hangings	1130
Longwood	Bottom Woods (u)	junction main road	Upper	227
Longwood	Black Field (1)	Longwood Avenue	Black Field	255
Longwood	Longwood Hangings	Longwood Hangings	White rabbits	340
Longwood	Black Field (2)	Longwood Avenue	Black Field	272
Longwood	Mulberry Gut	Colt Sheds	Mulberry Gut	170
Longwood	Bottom Woods (I)	Junction	Lower	330
Longwood	Clinic Road	Longwood Road	Clinic	235
Longwood	Ropery Field	Golf Course	Ropery Field (east)	100
Longwood	Community Centre	Lg/wood Avenue	Community Centre	196
Longwood	Lg/wood Avenue	Lg/wood Avenue	Masie's Shop	47
Longwood	Ropery Field	Golf Course	Ropery Field (west)	100
New Ground	Sapper Way	Junction Winnie McDaniel	Anthony Leo	423
New Ground	New Ground	Patsy Greentree	Lower	91
New Ground	New Ground	Colin Williams	Higher	86
Sandy Bay	Rock Rose to Green Hill	Bellstone	Pine Gate	6076
Sandy Bay	Sandy Bay	Jenkins Cottage	Blarney Bridge	1490
St Pauls	Plantation Upper	Plantation Junction	White Gate	444
St Pauls	Plantation Lower	Plantation Junction	White Gate	543
St Pauls	Farm Building	Spring Gut	Rosemary Plain	1000
St Pauls	Lower C/Plain	Cleugh's Plain Point	Peter Bowers	530

St Pauls	Sapper Way	Junction Kenneth Williams	Arms Flat	308
St Pauls	Plantation Stables	Plantation stables	Plantation square	340
St Pauls	Kunjie Field	Scotland Roundabout	Lionel Leo	341
St Pauls	Pouncey's	Pouncey's Junction	Rodney Benjamin	525
St Pauls	Upper C/Plain	Cleugh's Plain Point	Helen Leo	196
St Pauls	Lower C/Plain	Junction Brenda George	Mike Durnford	167
St Pauls	Princes Lodge	Princes Lodge	Junction	90
St Pauls	Guinea Grass	Junction Guinea Grass	Brian Yon	175
St Pauls	Gum Woods	Knollcombes	Baha'i Centre	290
St Pauls	Clay Gut	Clay Gut Junction	Clay Gut	321
St Pauls	Red Hill	Red Hill Junction	Below High Knoll	160
Thompsons Hill	Thompson Hill	Junction Ken Henry	Blooming's Field	554

# **Annex 2: Map of roads**



**Annex 3: Road Visibility Splays** 

