## **OPEN AGENDA**

|                             | Memorandum for Social & Community Development Committee   |
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| SUBJECT                     | Police and Criminal Evidence (Amendment) Bill, 2021   |
|                             |   |
|                             | Memorandum by the Attorney General  |
|                             |   |
| ADVICE SOUGHT               | The Social & Community Development Committee is asked to endorse and recommend to Executive Council the attached Police and Criminal Evidence (Amendment) Bill 2021.  |
| BACKGROUND & CONSIDERATIONS | 1. The Police and Criminal Evidence Ordinance, 2003 (PACE) makes provision for the arrest of a person, the procedures to be followed upon the arrest of a person and the procedure for charging a person after the person has been arrested.  |
|                             | 2. At present PACE requires a person who has been detained to be charged within 24 hours. Pursuant to PACE, a person may be placed on b conditional bail after being charged but not before.  |
|                             | 3. In England and Wales it has been the position for a considerable time that the police can impose pre-charge conditional bail. It is often referred to there as police bail. The St Helena Police have requested that the Attorney General's Chambers urgently bring forward a Bill so that pre-charge conditional bail can be used in St Helena. This is considered to be an essential tool in modern policing. The request is to adapt the UK legislation for St Helena including the safeguards it includes for suspects. AGs Chambers has done so in this Bill in consultation with St Helena Police. |
|                             | 4. The Bill would enable a police officer, after applying certain criteria, to place a person on bail after the person is arrested but before the person is charged. Such bail would be subject to specified conditions which, as provided, could be varied by a police officer or by a court.  |
|                             | 5. The provisions are drafted in line with the provisions of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act, 1984 of the United Kingdom.  |
|                             | 6. The Bill would insert section 28A into the PACE Ordinance. This clause would establish, for a police officer, the ability to grant bail to a person arrested, after giving consideration as to whether it would be "necessary and proportionate" in the circumstances to grant bail. This clause would also outline the conditions to which bail must be subject and would specify the circumstances to which a police officer must give consideration in respect of imposing the conditions of bail.  |
|                             | 7. The Bill would also insert clause 28B into the Ordinance which   |

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|   | would specify that a notice must be issued in respect of bail and the contents of such notice. This clause would also require that a bail end date be specified so that a person cannot be placed on bail indefinitely. |
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|   | 8. Clause 28C would permit the re-arrest of a person in the event that new evidence with respect to the person on bail is brought to light.   |
|   | 9. Clause 28D would specify that bail conditions may be varied by a police officer and the circumstances applicable for such variation.   |
|   | 10. Clause 28E would specify that bail conditions may be varied by a court and the circumstances upon which such application may be made to the court.  |
|   | 11. Clause 28F would detail what would obtain as a consequence to the failure to answer bail or to a breach of a condition of bail.   |
|   | 12. The amendments to sections 17, 28, 31 and 37 are consequential amendments to the insertion of the clauses dealing with precharge bail.  |
| FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS                          | 13. There are no financial implications resulting from the amendment of the PACE Ordinance.   |
| ECONOMIC<br>IMPLICATIONS                        | 14. There are no economic implications resulting from the amendment of the PACE Ordinance.  |
| CONSISTENCY WITH INVESTMENT POLICY PRINCIPLES   | 15. N/A   |
| PUBLIC/SOCIAL<br>IMPACT                         | 16. The amendment will allow additional protection to victims, witnesses and the general public. It will also prevent custody having to be used in some cases.  |
| ENVIRONMENTAL<br>IMPACT                         | 17. There will be no environmental impact from the application of this legislation.   |
| PREVIOUS<br>CONSULTATION/<br>COMMITTEE<br>INPUT | 18. This is technical amendment not suitable for public consultation.   |

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| PUBLIC REACTION       | 19. Public reaction to this legislation is likely to be favourable since it improves the criminal justice system and in allowing precharge conditional bail provides protections for victims and the public at large. |
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| PUBLICITY             | 20. As normal.  |
| SUPPORT TO            | 21. N/A   |
| STRATEGIC             |   |
| <b>OBJECTIVES</b>     |   |
| LINK TO               | 22. N/A   |
| SUSTAINABLE           |   |
| ECONOMIC              |   |
| DEVELOPMENT           |   |
| PLAN GOALS            |   |
| <b>IMPLEMENTATION</b> | 23. The Police Directorate, having requested this amendment, has  |
| OF POLICY/            | had sight of the Bill and provided comments, is aware of the  |
| LEGISLATION           | application to the Committee for the approval of the Bill and will be instrumental in the implementation of the legislation which should reduce demand on limited police resources and man power.                     |
|                       | ATC   |
| OPEN/CLOSED           | This paper is recommended for the Open Session.   |
| AGENDA ITEM           |   |
| Corporate Support     |   |
| Corporate Services    |   |
| 17 May 2021           |   |