



TRISTAN DA CUNHA

REVISED EDITION OF THE LAWS, 2017

EMPLOYMENT AND COMMERCE

PRICE CONTROL (TRISTAN DA CUNHA) ORDINANCE, 1968¹

Ordinance T7 of 1968

No amendments to 1 November 2017

No subsidiary legislation to 1 November 2017²

PRICE CONTROL (TRISTAN DA CUNHA) ORDINANCE, 1968

AN ORDINANCE to make provision for the control of prices of foodstuffs produced in Tristan da Cunha and for incidental or connected matters.

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

1. Short title
2. Interpretation
3. Power of Administrator to control prices
4. Offences

Short title

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Price Control (Tristan da Cunha) Ordinance, 1968.

Interpretation

2. In this Ordinance—
“**article**” includes poultry and fish;
“**foodstuff**” means any article used as food or drink for human consumption and includes any substance used as ingredient in the preparation of food or drink;
“**price-controlled foodstuff**” means any foodstuff the maximum price for the sale of which

¹ Under section 10 of the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance, 1999 this text is authoritative and is the sole authentic edition in respect of the law contained in it as at 1 November 2017.

² The price control orders under section 3 are temporary and are not included in this Revised Edition.

has been fixed by an order of the Administrator made under section 3(1) of this Ordinance;

“sell” includes “offer for sale” and “expose for sale”, and “sale” shall be construed accordingly.

Power of Administrator to control prices

3. (1) The Administrator may from time to time, by order, fix maximum prices for the sale of foodstuffs which are produced in Tristan da Cunha.

(2) Lists of maximum prices fixed under subsection (1) of this section must be displayed at such places in Tristan da Cunha as the Administrator may consider necessary to bring such prices to the notice of the public, and such prices, when so displayed, are deemed to be sufficient notice of them to all persons affected by them.

Offences

4. (1) A person who sells any price-controlled food-stuff at a price which exceeds the maximum price fixed for such foodstuff commits an offence.

Penalty: A fine of £20 on the first conviction and a fine of £50 on the second or subsequent conviction.

(2) A person who purchases or offers to purchase any price-controlled foodstuff at a price which exceeds the maximum price fixed for such foodstuff commits an offence.

Penalty: A fine of £20 on the first conviction and of £50 on the second or subsequent conviction.
