Horse Point Landfill Site Redevelopment

The landfill site will now benefit from a Public Recycling Facility where the public can drop off or pick up recyclable items including; garden waste, glass, paint, scrap metal, textiles, tyres, white goods/electricals and wood. Vehicle batteries can also be dropped off and safely stored prior to disposal.

Domestic and Commercial waste collections are land filled in a netted cell, this is to prevent pigeons feeding on kitchen waste. Pigeons can be a hazard to low flying aircraft, therefore composting kitchen waste contributes towards minimizing 'Bird Strike' risk, whilst reducing the volume of landfill.



Domestic and Commercial waste collections are undertaken;

Monday to Friday, including Public Holidays (except Good Friday and Christmas Day) From 1st August 2015 Horse Point Landfill Site will be open to the public between the following times;

Monday to Saturday — 0900hrs to 1500hrs Sundays and Public Holidays — Closed

For your safety please comply with signage and any directions given by the landfill staff.



For advice on the safe disposal of bulky or hazardous wastes, or if there is anything else you need to know then we're here to help. Please contact;

Mike Durnford Environmental Risk Manager EMD, Scotland, ENRD

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Waste Management Services



ST HELENA WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Why?

The St Helena Sustainable Development Plan identifies Effective Management of the Environment as St Helena's third National Goal. Strategic Objective 8.2 of the Sustainable Development Plan states: Environment mainstreamed across Government and the private sector.

Who?

The Environment & Natural Resources Directorate (ENRD) became responsible for Solid Waste Management Strategy and Operations on 1st April 2015 and will be introducing new and improved services including; a Public Recycling Facility, Incinerator and Hazardous Waste disposal at Horse Point Landfill Site.



What?

This information leaflet is designed to inform you of the improvements and new services being introduced.

How?

A combination of communal and individual wheeled bins have been distributed throughout the community. These bins are compatible with the lifting and emptying mechanism fitted to the new Refuse Collection Vehicles (RCV's). Proper use of the bins will prevent scavenging by animals and birds and will reduce litter.

Individual Bins?

These bins benefit households where the RCV's have good access to properties. Some residents are required to share bins with their neighbours.

Communal Bins?

These bins benefit households where the RCV's have lesser access to properties. Where the RCV's cannot get access to rural areas the domestic waste is collected using a dedicated Land Rover and Trailer service. Communal bins are sanitized periodically.

Acceptable Domestic Waste

Paper, cardboard, rigid plastic, plastic film, kitchen waste, glass, textiles, aerosols, cans/tins, polystyrene containers, disposable nappies and other domestic wastes.

Unacceptable Domestic Waste



Vehicle batteries, motor oil/lubricants, paints/ solvents, agricultural chemicals, bulky waste items including electricals.

For advice on the safe disposal of these wastes please see overleaf.

Waste Management Best Practice?

Bag your waste to prevent bins from getting dirty and smelling. Periodically wash out your (individual) bin.

Ensure cardboard boxes are flat and cans/ bottles are crushed to maximize bin space.

Make sure the lid of your bin can shut as we cannot safely empty bins that are overloaded.

Minimize the amount of waste generated by composting and recycling as much as possible.

Please note; SHG reserve the right not to empty a domestic/commercial bin if;

It contains waste that is not bagged. Cardboard is not broken down or flat. It contains unacceptable or hazardous waste. The bin is overloaded.

Composting?

Composting is a natural process that transforms your kitchen waste into a valuable and nutrient rich food for your garden or to support community projects, whilst saving you money and reducing landfill. Items such as fruit and vegetable peelings, tea bags, organolis, grass cuttings and oven

bags, eggshells, grass cuttings and even shredded paper can all be composted.

Recycling?

Reusing and recycling more waste helps us all by making the landfill site last longer and uses fewer natural resources.